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Crash Course CLIMATE AND ENERGY #9: Are Natural Disasters Actually Natural?

Name: _____ Date: _____

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1. Severe weather events in Rakhine State were intensified by _____.
2. The Rohingyas were especially vulnerable due to _____ and systemic discrimination.
3. Climate change effects are layered on top of existing _____, political, and economic contexts.
4. Greenhouse gases are important to track, but they don't reveal how individuals are _____.
5. Climate change is not just an environmental crisis — it's also a crisis of _____.
6. _____ justice means that all people should have access to clean, healthy, and sustainable environments.
7. Climate justice focuses on ensuring that no community is _____ affected by climate change.
8. Coal-fired power plants contribute to both climate change and _____ pollution.
9. Historically, coal plants were often built in low-income communities, leading to higher rates of _____ and other health issues.
10. The practice of _____ concentrated marginalized groups into under-resourced neighborhoods.
11. Formerly redlined neighborhoods are, on average, _____ degrees Celsius hotter than others in the same city.
12. Women and gender minorities are often more affected by climate change due to lack of _____ and opportunities.
13. Indigenous people protect a significant portion of Earth's biodiversity but are often excluded by _____ policies.
14. Some experts argue that "natural" disasters are actually _____ disasters due to societal inequities.
15. Mining for materials needed for clean energy often harms communities in lower-income countries due to _____ regulations.

Crash Course CLIMATE AND ENERGY #9: Are Natural Disasters Actually Natural? KEY

1. Severe weather events in Rakhine State were intensified by **climate change**.
2. The Rohingyas were especially vulnerable due to **resource scarcity** and systemic discrimination.
3. Climate change effects are layered on top of existing **cultural**, political, and economic contexts.
4. Greenhouse gases are important to track, but they don't reveal how individuals are **impacted**.
5. Climate change is not just an environmental crisis — it's also a crisis of **justice**.
6. **Environmental** justice means that all people should have access to clean, healthy, and sustainable environments.
7. Climate justice focuses on ensuring that no community is **disproportionately** affected by climate change.
8. Coal-fired power plants contribute to both climate change and **air** pollution.
9. Historically, coal plants were often built in low-income communities, leading to higher rates of **asthma** and other health issues.
10. The practice of **redlining** concentrated marginalized groups into under-resourced neighborhoods.
11. Formerly redlined neighborhoods are, on average, **2.5** degrees Celsius hotter than others in the same city.
12. Women and gender minorities are often more affected by climate change due to lack of **resources** and opportunities.
13. Indigenous people protect a significant portion of Earth's biodiversity but are often excluded by **discriminatory** policies.
14. Some experts argue that "natural" disasters are actually **human-caused** disasters due to societal inequities.
15. Mining for materials needed for clean energy often harms communities in lower-income countries due to **fewer** regulations.

15 Questions

Answer Key Included

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